

cook but the other work was done by club members and local leaders. It was so well planned and systematized that the work accomplished with the effort put forth was no less than marvelous. The clubs vied with each other to see which could serve the best meals; and it was wonderful to see vegetables, chicken, delicious sandwiches, iced drinks, cake, peaches, etc., served in sufficient quantity and on time for the large number when there was so little equipment for serving. At 6:30 the bugle sounded, when every one arose, dressed in a bath suit, and took his morning exercises. After this there was an hour for swimming in the lake. The bugle brought everybody again to the tents to dress for breakfast. Different squads helped with the meals each day. At the signal for breakfast every one lined up, the food was placed on a long table, and the crowd was served cafeteria style."

GIRL'S SHORT COURSES

In addition to the twenty county encampments at which short courses were held for girls, a state short course for prize winners was given at Peace Institute, Raleigh. Seventy-five club girls attended. The club institute is a reward for good club work and it is hoped that every organized county can send at least two representatives. The work done is not only educational but social and recreational.

ANNUAL SCHOOL FOR HOME DEMONSTRATION AGENTS

The annual school for home demonstration agents was held at the State College for Women, Greensboro, 54 women attending. A two weeks course was given to experienced agents in costume design, landscape design, advanced work in jelly making, pickling, and the canning and packing of meats. The newer women's schedule included millinery and the commercial packing of fruits and vegetables in addition. The daily conferences, one and one-half hours in length, gave the time for discussion of programs, plans of work, and co-operation with the farm agent. Details of the conduct of this school, as well as of the girls' short course, will be found in the 1920 report.

NEGRO WORK

Negro work was put on the annual budget of the Division of Home Demonstration work and the appropriation made in July. It seemed wisest to defer beginning work until the first of the year and plans have been made for placing colored agents in five counties at that time. These agents will act as assistants to the white home demonstration agent and be in charge of work for negroes.

During the year help has been rendered the colored people wherever the home demonstration agent could find the opportunity. Many of these agents have given food conservation, and clothing demonstrations to the colored as well as to the white people. They have also included the colored people in the city and county campaigns for the use of more milk.

White agents have assisted not only in planning community, county and state fairs but have acted as judges whenever assistance was desired. The colored state fair followed the white fair and the Division of Home Demonstration Work turned over to selected, well trained colored women its own special building with all its equipment for carrying on demonstrations in housewifery. These women in charge consulted with the home demonstration agent as to the kind of demonstrations and the manner of carrying them out and put on a most creditable exhibition.